

Allergies:	
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GENERAL INFORMATION Provide statement indicating how / when order set is to be used, e.g., A new pre-printed subcutaneous insulin order set must be completed each time changes are made to the type of insulin, frequency of administration and/or change in nutritional status. Consider including a mandatory order to discontinue all previous orders, e.g., ☑ Discontinue all previous insulin orders. Add a prompt to assess medications that may have an impact on glycemic control, e.g., When completing this form consider whether patient is on: - non-insulin antihyperglycemic agents - corticosteroids							
MANAGEMENT OF HYPOGLYCEMIA Include mandatory orders (not optional) that allow the nursing staff to administer treatment without having to contact a physician as per an agreed upon protocol. The orders should provide treatment options for nurses to select according to the characteristics of the individual patient, taking into consideration:							
BLOOD GLUCOSE MONITORING Establish a schedule with specific times for point of care blood glucose testing, e.g., QID Q h PRN							
SCHEDULED INSULIN ORDERS							
BASAL INSULIN ORDERS:							
Choose one of the options below:							
 No standing basal insulin order. Reassess after 24-48 hours. OR Standing basal insulin orders as indicated: 							
Basal Insulin	Dosing Time #1		Dosing Time #2				
List basal insulin(s) available as per hospital formulary	· units		· units				
	units units		units units				
L							



CORRECTION DOSE INSULIN ALGORITHMS

The order form should provide an option for ordering correction dose insulin (extra insulin that is added to the scheduled basal insulin dose). A series of algorithms (e.g., insulin sensitive, usual, insulin resistant) should be provided as options to guide the size of the correction dose based on the blood glucose level.

Correction insulin should be given in addition to basal insulin orders.

Prescribers must choose one algorithm or specify a "custom" algorithm of their choice. The schedule for administration of correction dose must be specified by the prescriber.

Select bolus correction insulin:

□ List bolus insulins available as per hospital formulary

Select times insulin is to be given, e.g.,

🗆 QID

□ q_h

Capillary Blood Glucose (mmol/L)	Insulin Sensitive (units)	□ Usual (units)	□ Insulin Resistant (units)	Individualized (units)		
Under	Contact MD and initiate hypoglycemia management					
to						
to						
to						
to						
Over contact MD						

Frequent use of correctional insulin suggests the need to reassess scheduled basal and/or bolus insulin.

Provide guidance in conjunction with endocrinology / internal medicine / diabetes management team as to when these services should be consulted, e.g.,

Notify MRP/ endocrinology/diabetes management team if:

- Change in nutritional status
- More than one hypoglycemic event in X hours
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